## SIMON PURES,

Dyed-in-the-Wool, Blown - in the-Bottle Democrats

MEET AND THEN FULMINATE

Their Doctrines-Marion Martin, Tracy and the Other Brethren

Were All There-Farmer Shaw Says They Are Disgrantled Democrats, Disgusted Republicans, Vi-dettes and Voudettes.

Special to the Gazette.

Special to the Gazette.

Dallas, Tex., Feb. 10.—The participants in the political meeting here to-day took price in calling it a "conference of simon pure Jeffersonian Democrats." It is composed of the farming element and they appear to be a unit in favor of the subtreasury, the alien land law and an elective state railroad commission and opposed to Governor Hogy's administration, opposed Governor Hogg's administration, opposed to Mills for United States senator and against either of the presidential candidates of Mills for United States senator and against either of the presidential candidates at present before the people. They are against national banks and in favor of free econage of silver. They will not support Mr. Clark or any anti-railway commission candidate for governor if they know it. The low price of cotton they attribute to the scarcity of money, which they propose to remedy by having the government issue direct to the people. They say that they will have hothing more to do with brass collar partyism. In their eyes the Democratic and Republican parties are engaged in a scramble for the offices and the tariff question practically cuts a small figure.

These were the views of the rank and file of the delegates to the conference gathered by The Cazette convergence gathered by The Cazette convergence and the another of the auditorium of the city hall about 150 voters were present, including a group of Democratic warherses and a number of third party members from Dallas. There was also a slight aprinkle of Republicans, drawn through curiossty. The familiar features of Hon. Marion Martin, the Swamp-Fox of Navarro, attracted the attention of members of his press.

John Bacon, the Denton county light who

John Bacon, the Denton county light who attended the Windsor hotel secret conclave, was classived in the rear of the auditorium in consultation with Col. Sledge of the Alli-ance. Bryan T. Barry, also a member of the Windsor meeting, was present. W. R. ance. Bryan T. Barry, also a member of the Windsor meeting, was present. W. R. Lamb and other third-party people were there. The self-styled simon-pure Joffer-sonian sub-treasury Democrats who had not alligned themselves with the third party, appeared to be without a leader and without a policy, but they expected their demands to be clearly set forth before the respic after the conference. The members of the Waco and third party crowds were con ent to leave the management of affairs of the Waco and third party crowds were con ent to leave the management of affairs to Harry Tracy, who was a conspictions worker in getting it up. Farmer Bill Shaw did not show up, but from the outside he was keeping a close watch on the movements of the body.

THE PROCEPTINGS.

Harry Tracy called the meeting to order and read the appeal against Mr. Finley's ruling, which appeal embraced the call for the mass meeting to speak against the ruling.

Mr. Tracy then introduced Hon. W. C. Connor. mayor of Dallas, the commercial city of Texas. Mr. Connor was received with applause. He said that there are as many Democrats in Dallas as in any place in Texas and they are not all brass-collar Democrats fa voice—and Connor in the lead, and if they are brass-collar Democrats they like to say where the collar comes from. He advised the farmers to raise more corn and less cotton, more hogs but less of the Tyler breed [applause]. It matters not to the people of Texas what a bushel of buckwheat is worth so they get a good price for their cotton; it matters little what kind of a dollar is circulated so there what kind of a dollar is circulated so there is constituted in a dollar is circulated so there is constituted in a constitute of them is plaused. He did not think the government should antagonise railroads and enterprises calculated to further the progress and the development of the state. Mayor Connor promised to be with the boys next November in showing orner politicians a trick-like

they did fin last April.

They welcome and opened the convention "to develowe and opened the convention "to device ways and means for free speech in Texas." They would send men to congress. who would represent the people. Turning to Mayor Connor: "Will you be with us?" Mr. Connor and Harry clasped hands amidst applause.
The conference then temporarily organ-

ark a new epoch in Texas politics. parture from obedience to the behests of professional politicians.

Mr. Tracy was nominated for secretary by John McCullough, editor of the Liber-ator. Mr. Tracy declined, stating that he desired to be free for the discharge of other dutles, J. T. Watkins of Navarro county was

J. T. Watkins of Navarro county was elected secretary.

On motion of Mr. Tracy a committee of five on credentials was appointed, consisting of the following: R. W. Coleman of Bexar, T. Bennett of Limestone, J. B. Marshall of Collin, C. M. Wilcox of McLennan, J. H. Nicholson of Hunt.

Mr. Tracy moved that a committee of thirteen be appointed, two from the state at large and one from each congressional district, on permanent enganization and

district, on permanent enganization and resolutions. The motion was adopted and the committee was made up as follows: 

sembled here who favor the principles out-lined in the call for this convention be scated as delegates, and in case of a vote by counties each county be allowed the same vote given it in the last Democratic

The ruport was adopted and the confer-

The report was anopied and the conterence adjourned for dinner.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Upon reconvening, C. M. Wilcox of McLennas offered the following:

Kesalved, that we are for a government of the people for the people and by the people, are not a government by monopolies, banks and corporations, as we have had for the past twenty-five years, and which the collar Democracy have aided and assisted in saddling upon the people, and we declare ourselves Jeffersonian Democracy have a people and we declare ourselves Jeffersonian Democracy have a people of the people of s, standing on the broad principle of ty, equality and justice to all men.

O. Cornwall, Dallas-Resolved, just and remonerative salaries d of the present fee system. Re-

Ponding the report of the committee on permanent organization, R. W. Coleman of san Antonio electrified the convention with a speech, in which he did not forget to pay is respects to the subsidized press of the

Hon. Marion Martin responded to calls Arr a speech. He trusted that he would be a lowed to remain quiet, but this was the time, he said, when cowards were not wanted. He then proceeded with a burning speech to embrace the demands of the Ocala platform. No time for They are tired of class legislation in the in-

traitors! he exclaimed. Call me what you please, but I am following the flag of the Ocala platform. Wherever it leads, you will find Marion Martin there. May God forever paralyze my tongue when I leave my home for no higher motive than to got office. There is a duty to perform. We are naturally Democrats from the ground up, from the soles of our feet to the crowns of our heads. If the Democratic party has a history in Texas, didn't I help make it, and am I to be denounced to-day! May God forbid. The spirit of repentance is not in my heart. I followed the Democratic party as long as it was for principle, but when it was converted into a corrupt combination to crush labor, I condemned it. They tell me that a rose smells as sweet by any other name, but when I smell a political rose I want to know that it is the Ocala rose. I care not what you call me, but when the content of the Ocala. rose. I care not what you call me, but keep my eyes on the Ocala platform, which represents the demands of at least 2,000,000 people, who are appealing for down-trodden humanity. Watch every man and every movement. Watch all the time and pray government.

man and every movement. Watch all the time and pray occasionally.

Mr. Martin's voice had the old-time ring, although it had not been employed in a long time in an important political meeting. He was loudly and frequently applauded.

THE OCALA DEMINDS.

J. T. Robinson of Dallas spoke in advocacy of the Ocala demands.

Harry Tracy responded to calls and made another speech. He said that free-born, flat-footed American citizens were running the meeting and that before the moon sets in the morning they would organize and set in motion a little piece of machinery that would make the heads of the political bosses swim. They had been disinherited and they proposed to assert their rights. and they proposed to assert their rights.

They proposed to drive Mr. Hogg into the third party. Some people said that Harry Tracey was not a farmer. He spent three months grubbing on his farm in Milam county and now he was grubbing on pluthcounty.

up plutocrats.

The conference took a recess of an hour awaiting the report of the committee on permanent organization.

permanent organization.

The committee reported recommending for permanent chairman, Mr. Crawford of Cisco; for secretary, E. S. Peters of Robertson county; assistant secretary, T. Benucti of Limostone county. Executive committee: First distalct, William McGee; Second, E. S. Peters; Third, John D. Nix; Fourth, Harrison McCuisten; Fifth, R. N. Bell; Sixth, Milton Park; Seventh, W. P. Laughlin; Eighth, E. O. Meitzer; Ninth, W. H. Tracy; Tenth, Taylor McCray; Eleventh, C. J. Mource; state at large, H. E. McCuliough and Harry Tracy.

We respectfully submit the following preamble and resolution for your consideration:

Whereas, the ruling of the chairman of the executive committee of the Democratic party of the state of Texas excludes from participation in the deliberations and proceedings of the party those holding to and advocating the principles of the proposed sub-trensury plan; and

Whereas, the said ruling meets with the approval of the state executive committee, as evidenced by their long, and to us painful, stience, therefore, we, your committee on resolutions, submit the following as a short and full embodiment of our principles: Whereas, the ruling of the chairman of

ciples:

1. We advocate the principles enunciated

in the Ocala demands, more especially the sub-treasury plan.

2. We advocate the election of all officers

by a direct vote of the people.

8. We advocate the unlimited coinage of gold and silver. We advocate a reduction of the tariff.
 We oppose the present national bank-

ing system.

6. We favor reform in all departments in our state government, and demand that ex-penses be reduced to the lowest point com-

7. We favor a 'ailway commission that will insure equal and exact justice to the people and to the railways, the commission to be composed of three qualified citizens of the state elected by the people in the same manner as other officers.

8. We favor an alien land law that will patible with efficient administration.

protect the citizens of our state against the ancroachments of foreign land syndicates and alien ownership of lands within the

We suggest that the executive committee (numed above) be empowered to call a meeting of the people of the state at large should it become necessary in order to ef-fect the carrying out of the principles above

We recommend that the people continue the organization of Democratic clubs for the purpose of carrying out these demands. the report was adopted clause by clause it went through without a hitch un the last recommendation was reached. the last recommendation was reaction. It called for the organization of Democratic clubs. Mr. High of Navarro county moved to omit the word "Democrat."

Mr. H. N. Tracy said that if the meeting was not a Democratic meeting he was not

Harry Tracy said that he was willing to label them Democratic clubs; in fact, he was unwilling to go into the fray under any

W. R. Cole, the beheaded member of the Dallas county Democratic executive com-mittee said that he thought as long as Mr Finley had issued his pronunciamento rul-ing sub-treasuryites out of the party, they might organize Democratic clubs and rule

might organize Democratic clubs and rule him out of the party.

Discussion over Mr. High's proposition premised to be prolonged and he withdrew the motion. The clause was then adopted and everybody seemed to be satisfied.

By inv tation Gen. W. L. Cabell of Camp Sterling Price of ex-Confederates addressed the conference and extended an invitation for the members to attend the meeting of the camp to-morrow night.

Harry Tracy offered the following:

Harry Tracy offered the following: Resolved, that hereafter the Confederate reunions invite all Union soldiers to meet with them as comrades, and that in the election of officers for said organizations all ex-Confederates and ex-Union soldiers vote on an equality, to the end that in future the

organizations may be known as the "Exidiers of the States." Mr. Robinson of Dallas said that he did not know that the meeting was a military affair. He wasn't mad when the war broke out, and he wasn't mad yet. He was gind the war was over and he hoped the civilized world would sit down on war. He be-lieved the infernal reunions had done more to keep up strife between the North and South than anything else outside of hell. Instead of 4,000,000 slaves, who brought on the war, we now have 60,000,000 slaves. He was willing to accept glory to God the highest and peace on earth and good will to men. Mr. Robinson's speech was lurid, but at times he struck a popular chord and was rewarded with veriforms amplanes. rewarded with vociferous applause.

Mr. Tracy defended his resolution, and it

The conference then adjourned subject to the call of the executive committee.

AMONG THE DELEGATES.

Speaking of the Mills convention at Waco held the other day, Mr. C. M. Wilcox of McGregor, McLennan county, says that the masses were not represented at that convention. It was composed at that con-vention. It was composed, he says, of a few politicians and Mr. Mills' personal friends, gathered from the immediate vi-cinity of Waco. He thinks the masses of the farmers there favor Mr. Culberson. They can not be induced to accept Mr. Clark for soverne.

Mr. J. T. Crawford, the temporary chair-man, who halls from Cisco, says that he believes the farmers of that section are unreservedly in favor of the sub-treasury and the Ocala demands. They are in favor of a railway commission. Governor Hogg, he thinks, has lest ground, but the people out there are not discussing men as much as they are looking at measures. He could give no intelligent expression with reference to their position on the senatorial or the presidential questions, but they are all for free silver and be did not think they

terest of corporations, of which protective tariff is the foster-mother. Statistics show that the farmers' possessions are being re-

that the farmers' possessions are being reduced year by year, although he pays two-thirds of the taxes. They are not suffering from over-production, but from under-consumption, caused by a contracted currency. While Harry Tracy was entertaining the conference in the afternoon, he stated that he would assert without fear of contradiction, that not a former momber of the body had a \$15 suit of clothes. Capt. Alexander of Dallas, arose and said that he had. "Well," replied Tracy, "I'll bet you didn't dig it out of the cotton patch." The laugh was on Harry's side.

dig it out of the cotton patch." The laugh was on Harry's side.

The committee on permanent organization labored hard in formulating a report. One faction wanted an open and unqualified endorsement of the Ocala patform, while it is said the hand of the shrewd politician was playing to leave the report open for future political manipulation.

J. D. Russell, a delegate from Hunt county, stated that the farmers in that county will stand almost solid for the subtreasury and the Ocala demands. They are, as a class, opposed to Mills for senator and are not enthusiasts over the present state administration. They are going to throw off collar party leadership and make an independent effort.

Delegates continued to arrive during the day and the afternoon session of the conference, in comparison with the morning session, swelled to double the size.

W. K. Lamb, charman of the committee

W. R. Lamb, chairman of the committee on transportation of delegates to the St. Louis meeting on the 22d, is here making arrangements. Mr. Lamb says his crowd have nothing to do with the crowd who met here to day.

met here to-day.

Mrs. Dabbs of Fort Worth represented the Industrial Educator at the conference. Farmer Bill Shaw says the conference is composed of disgruntled Democrats, disgusted Republicans, ancient Greenbackers, Prohibitionists, videttes and voudettes.

voudettes.

SOME OF THE DELEGATES,
Among the delegates here were the following: J. H. Nicholson, Caddo Mills, Hunt county; M. N. Chapman, Merrett, Hunt county; M. W. Hobbs, Orphans' Home, Dallas County; E. L. Stone, O. Anderson and J. A. Roburn, Hutchins, Dallas county; E. L. Stone, O. Anderson and J. A. Roburn, Hutchins, Dallas county; G. R. Malone, Hill county; T. N. Lawson, Joshua, Johnsen county; John J. Harned, Fannin county; Charles A. Floyd, Hutchins, Dallas county; P. H. Golden, Dallas; T. N. Robinson, Rockwall; L. A. Miller, G. E. Cade, Rockwall; F. J. Miller, Denton county; W. J. Horan, Estelle, Dallas county; A. Baker, Lancaster, Dallas county; J. M. Holtzclaw, Dallas county; J. W. Morris, St. Paul, Collin county; B. A. Carpenter, Celeste, Hunt county; J. D. Russell, Caddo Mills; J. G. Nix, Wolfe City; J. P. Tally, Celeste, Hunt county; E. J. Neff, Alvarado, Johnson county; J. B. Tucker, Rockwall; R. B. Hunt, Limestone county; S. C. Thompson, Farmersville, Collin county; R. O. Cornwall, T. H. Oliver, Daniel Trigg, J. P. Robison, J. P. Diffey, John McCullough, Dr. Osborn, Milton Park, Harry Tracy, Dallas; J. F. Banks, Burnet; Joe G. Willis, Corsicana. SOME OF THE DELEGATES.

Finley's Letter.

Special to the Gazette. Austin, Tex., Feb., 10.-Chairman Finley has written to the members of the exec-utive committee, asking them to say when and where a meeting of the committee should take place, and to consider the mntter of the expression which the committee should give as to the government of the

Waco Reform Club.

Special to the Gazette. Special to the Gazette.

Waco, Tex., Feb. 10.—At the city hall to-night a very enthusiastic meeting was held, and a club composed of the leading young men of the city was organized with a view to reform the city government and the nomination of mayor and aldermen to carry out reform. The club will be known as the Young Men's Reform club of the city of Waco.

Republican Moves.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 10.-It is rumaker is to resign within a few days and be sent to Paris to succeed Reid, who has long desired to return to the United States. It is said that James Clarkson is to be ap-pointed postmaster-general. These moves on the party checker-board are said to bave sen arranged on the occasion of Wana-aker's visit to Mr. Clarkson at the Plaza hotel in New York last Sunday.

Washington, Feb. 10.—There is a belief here this morning that the Blaine element of the Republican party is likely to concenor the Republican party is fracily to concentrate around Aiger, while Vest's letter rending Cleveland and Hill out of the list of practical candidates and naming Flower or Morrison, stirs up quite a sensation on the Democratic side. Democratic leaders admit quietly that Vest has told the truth both as to Cleveland and Hill but doubt the windows of realization. Hill, but doubt the wisdom of making a parade of these facts now. It is believed by those conversant with Illinois politics that Morrison could not control Illinois for himself owing to the friction growing out of his quiet opposition to Springer in the speakership campaign. The growing belief here is that the Cleveland influence will settle upon Campbell of Ohio as its repre-sultative if it sees Cleveland cannot win On the Republican side strong indications

are that Quay, Dudley and others opposed to Harrison will unite on Alger, and that te vention than is now generally expected.

Washington, Feb. 9.—Great anxiety is felt among both Democrats and Republicans over the political situation in Louis-iana. Governor McEnery's proposition that both wings of the party unite and place a new ticket in the field as a busis for harby Democrats here, and the reply of the Foster people is anxiously awaited. It is felt that this generous action on the part of McEnery will place the responsibility on Foster and his followers should they decline and defeat follows.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 9.—At the time of the unveiling of the Grady monument here, it was reported to Commander-in-Chief Palmer of the Grand Army that the corps in this city marched in a procession in which Codfederate flags were carried. This brought out an order from Palmer in which he commanded that hereafter G. A. R. organizations do not take part in such parades. In reply to this, members of that post met and sent a communication in which they declared, while they had no apology to make for their action, they would have preferred that the flag had not been carried, as it was inappropriate to the occasion and gave opportunity for the creation and expressions of ill feeling over tion and expressions of ill feeling over dead issues. Palmer's reply to this was read before the post Saturday night, He reiterated his former position and said: "A rebel uniform in any loyal city is simply adding insuit to injury. He has as much right to bear a traitor's flag through the streets of a loyal city as he has to wear a traitor's garb. It is against the terms of the surrender and an act of hostility against the government of the United States—I don't question your right tility against the government of the United States—I don't question your right as citizens to mingle and fraternize with the men against whom you fought. I believe the railantry of the two armies should ever be the pride of the American people. The Grand Army of the Republic has invited fraternization, but it never agreed, never consented, and never will, that members wearing the badge and uniform of our order should march under anything that has the semblance of a Confederate flag. As the survivors of that grand

army which saved the stars and stripss from distinger, we recognize our late foes in arms as brave and gallant soldiers. We are proud of their success and rejoice in their prosperity. We are a united country and a united people, and no flag should be carried that tends to arouse a feeling of animosity or revenge in the minds of the young generation of the South."

Will Fight to the Bitter End.

New Obleans, La., Feb. 9.—An important move has been made in the Democratic party of the state with a view of reuniting the party, which was split on the lottery question. The moraine papers publish a letter from S. D. McEnery, candidate for governor of the regular Democratic party, addressed to the chairmen of the Democratic executive committee. In which he gratic executive committee, in which he urges that the two tickets be withdrawn and another nominating convention be held to place a ticket before the people which will command the undivided support of the

"As the condition of the party is critical and it is absolutely essential the party be united, I think that at this time we ought to forego any advantages we claim as the regular organization, and afford those who left the party an opportunity to reunite with the party." Accordingly Chairman Crandell of the straight or regular Democratic executive committee addressed a letter to E. B. Kruttschnitt, as chairman of the "Foster" (or anti-lottery) executive committee, making a strong plea in behalf of harmony in the party as follows: "In the interest of the integrity and harmony of the Democratic party, and to avoid the possibility of the election of a Republican governor of the state of Louisiana and the consecuent loss of Louisiana's electoral vote to the national Democratic party in November, 1892, we offer for consideration the following propositions:

1. That the nominees upon the two tickets, known as the McEnery ticket and the Foster ticket, withdraw.

2. That the two state central committees, known as the McEnery state central committee, join in a call for a new primary election for delegates, to be held in New Orleans not later than March 15.

Mr. Kruttschnitt returned the letter to Mr. Crandall, explaining that he did not hold the office of "chairman of the Foster hold the office of "chairman of the Foster hold the office of "chairman of the Foster party. He says:
"As the condition of the party is critical

Mr. Kruttschnitt returned the fetter to Mr. Crandall, explaining that he did not hold the office of "chairman of the Foster executive committee," nor did he know of any one holding an office whose incumbent bears the above title. In other words, he chaims his committee to be the straight Democratic executive committee. It is believed ocratic executive committee. It is believed the bolters or Fosterites will refuse to

Kansas Citt, Mo., Feb. 9.—Ex-Governor Thayer of Nebraska, who abdicated yester-day in favor of Governor Boyd at the re-quest of the United States supreme court, passed through the city this morning en route for Laporte, Tex. an ambitious town only forty-two days old, being boomed by Thayer. Thayer said the legislature would doubtless "Michiganise" the state, which would mean a loss to the Republicans of some of the presidential electors.

For Chilton.

Special to the Gazette. TYLER, TEX., Feb. 10.—On Tuesday night representative Democrats of Tyler and Smith counties assembled in large numbers at the courthouse in response to a call for a Chilton meeting. County Judge B. B. Beard was elected chairman of the meeting, and Mr. J. Megher was elected secretary.

Judge Beard explained that the meeting was called in the interest of Mr. Chilton's was called in the interest of Mr. Chilton's was called in the interest of Mr. Chilton's candidacy for the senate, and he made an enthusiastic and able speech in support of Mr. Chilton, and declared the meeting ready for business.

Hon. N. W. Finley offered for consideration and adoption some resolutions, and on motion for adoption they were placed be-

motion for adoption they were placed before the meeting.

Mr. Finley, being called out, spoke to the resolutions in warm and realous advocacy of his friend Mr. Chilton.

Representative S. A. Lindsey, Judge McCord and McIlwan also made strong speeches in support of the resolutions.

Mr. Buie of Upshur county and Col.

T. B. Greenwood of Anderson county being present, were called upon and being present, were called upon they both expressed zeal for Chilton's success as warm his home friends. Col. Greenwood

articularly strong in his advocacy of hilton. He said that he had known h from infancy and that in his ment Texas had never ha ment Texas had never had an abler or purer man for senator, that no net of Governor Hogg's deserved more praise than his appointment of Mr. Chilton, and that the legislature would certainly ratify his action by electing Mr. Chilton. A copy of the resolutions in full will be furnished THE Gazertz for publication as the friends of Hon Hogaca Chilton are desirous to show Hon. Horace Chilton are desirous to show the good people of Texas how he is honored and trusted at his home. A larger or more enthusiastic gathering has saldom met in Tyler, and the speeches were applauded to

## A NEW TELEPHONE.

LOUD SPEAKING HEARD FIFTEEN FEET AWAY.

Invention of Professor Blake, Who Will Have the Instrument Perfected. He Made a Great Discovery.

Special to the Gazette LAWRENCE, KAN., Feb. 10.-Professor

Lucien I. Blake, professor of physics and electrical engineering in the state university at this place, has just succeeded in a series of remarkable experiments by which he now has a loud speaking telephone. The professor has been working at the matter for a long time and now has the satisfaction of hearing the voices in the telephone at a distance of ten and lifteen feet from the receiver. At an experimental exhibi-tion given by the professor's few days age he was enabled to give a large number of friends a concert by attaching a music box to one end of the wire and attaching his loud-speaking apparatus to the other end. The music was very distinctly heard and the visitors could all hear at once. The professor is working hard to complete the discovery and intends to made an experiment soon by connecting Kansas City and Topeka and then giving a large room full of people a concert from the other end of the line. He thinks that he will have no trouble in doing so as his crude experiments have succeeded so admirably and he will at once improve his attechment. While experimenting on this he made a remarkable discovery in regard to the diaphragms which he thi will revolutionize the matter diaphragms and telephones generally, was not ready to give this matter to public, but thought he would surprise the world in a few months. The professor is highly elated over his discoveries and will give a scientific report of it in a few days

Special to the Gazette. LLANO, TEX., Feb. 10 .- The commission ers' court at their regular session to-day passed an order providing for the immediate construction of a substantial fron bridge across the Llano river at Llano, the plans and particular place of location to be agreed upon at the present time. This united the plucky and sub-stantial South Side with the advancing and progressive North Sile harmoniting all progressive North Side, harmonizing all differences and makes Liano a united whole.

GALVESTON, TEX., Feb. 10.—Local forecast for Texas east of the 100th meridian for twenty-four hours ending 8 p. m. February 11: Fair weather, stationary temperture, variable winds.

## TOE THE MARK.

Bland's Bill is Introduced and Made a Special Order

IN THE HOUSE WEDNESDAY.

Kilgore of Texas Gave the Bill His Heartiest Support.

Trying to Get an Appropriation for Improving the Trinity River to Fort Worth-The Behring Sea Trou-ble to be Arbitrated.

Special to the Guzetta Washington, Feb. 10.—As previously wired The Gazerre Mr. Bland of Missouri reported for the committee on coinage, weights and measures, a free silver bill in the house to-day. It contained precisely the provisions which I outlined three days are, and is in every way a most satisfa tory bill to the believers in bimetalism It is going to make congress meet the issue fairly and squarely. There can't be much more dodging after this, for it will come to a show down at no distant day when a man must declare either in favor of an inman must declare either in favor of an in-creased volume of currency or in favor of continued domination by the Eastern money power. The committee stood eight to five nearly all the way through, adopting all the sections with that yote, two Demo-crats, Tracy of New York and Williams of Massachusetts, voting with the Republican minority, and one Republican, Bartinee of Nevada, voting with the Democrats. Mr. Kilgore lent the measure his active assist-ance in the committee, and will support it whenever it comes before the house.

Carlisle Criticised.

A good deal of adverse criticism is heard against Senator Carlisle for voting against a favorable report on a free silver bill in the senate committee. It is not regarded as a vote likely to be pleasing to his Ken-

Capt. L. S. Flatan,

Who represents a big implement firm in Fort Worth, is here to appear before the rivers and harbors committee, to advocate an appropriation for making the Trinity river navigable. He thinks the enterprise entirely practicable, and being an old steamboat captain on that stream, can press its claims before the committee to great advantage. He will be backed by the Texas delegation and other Southern representatives. He says that he is very hopeful of getting at least \$500.000 from the government and that with this he river can be opened up to navigation so that thousands of bales of cotton can be shipped to the gulf, and bringing back to Fort Worth and other cities milions of feet of lumbor, the finest in the world for manufacturing. world for manufacturing.

Blaine Denies It. Secretary Blaine's attention was called this morning to the story telegraphed from Washington last night that he will shortly resign from the cabinet. Blaine emphati-cally said: "The story is false. There is not a word of truth in it."

An Appointment.

The president has to-day sent to the sen-ate the nomination of John H. Burford, as associate justice of the supreme court of Okiahoma. The Chinese Bill. The house committee on immigration today agreed to report favorably a bill absolutely prohibiting Chinese immigration. Chairman Stump expects to report the bill

to the house to-day.

Negotiations between the United States and Canada in regard to reciprocal trade relations were opened formally to-day at a conference at the state department, the secretary of state and John Foster representing the United States, while Canada was represented by Sir John Thompson, minister of justice; Attorney-General McKenzie; Bowell, minister of finances Parmalee, deputy commissioner of contents and States.

customs, and Stewart, private secretary.

The senate committee on interstate com-merce to-day heard further argument upon the pending Cullum bill to amend interstate commerce act clothing commission decisions with jud commission decisions with judicial force and otherwise make its provisions more stringent. J. K. Owen, general coun-sel of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad com pany, made a long argument to show the bill was unconstitutional in that it clothed

Anti-Ootions Bill.

Forbes of the Duluth board of trade appeared before the house committee on agr peared before the nouse committee on agriculture to-day, with an argument against the
passage of the proposed anti-options bill.
Its passage, he concluded, would demoralize the grain trade of the whole country.
Howard of St. Louis favored the bill, de-

claring dealing in futures the most subtle kind of gambling that ever emanated from the brain of man. It was the greatest curse that ever struck the great nation of America. Hog producthe United States for the past ten y have not paid the cost of the hog. Hog products of e past ten years yet hog-packers have become mill-ionaires. They become so gambling in features. The grain ring was the strongest ring in the country, and was impoverishing

In the Senate.

The West Vi ginla direct tax repaymen resolution was taken up in the morning hour, and after debate went over without

The bill providing for the public printin and binding and distribution of public documents was then taken up as unfinished business. The clause authorizing the franking of official matter was fixed in these words: Vice-president, members and members-elect, delegates and delegates elect to congress, shall have the privilege of sending free through the mulls and under frank any mail matter to a government official. The bill then went over without action until to morrow. ment official. The bill then without action until to-morrow.

Mr. Gorman presented the credentials of his colleague, Mr. Gibson. The oath of office was administered to him by the vicepresident. After a brief executive session the senate adjourned till to-morrow.

The most significant event in the pro-ceedings of the house to-day was the report of the Bland free coinage bill by the committee on coinage, weights and measures. The action indicated or the Band free comage only the committee on coinage, weights and measures. The action indicated the intention of the free coinage men to force the bill with all possible haste. Indeed Pierce, Bland and other leaders of the free silver movement in the house assert the measure will be pressed to a grote and actually passed by the house within the next sixty days. In this event there is no doubt the senate will have an opportunity of passing upon the Bland bill long before the date of either of the great particular actual property.

of the great national conventions.

The house also to-day ordered an investi gation of the pension bureau as managed by Haum. The scope of the investigation was made much broader than previous inquiries, and Enlos of Tennessee and Cooper of Indiana, as instigators of the investigation, will be expected to furnish evidence and practi- night. Origin unknown. Fully insured.

cally conduct the fight against the present administration of the bureau.

After the reading of the journal, Mr. Catchings, of Mississippi, from the committee on roles, reported a resolution for appointment of a select committee of five members to investigate the business methods, etc., in the bureau of pensions. The debate theroupon partook of the nature of a reiteration of charges, etc., familiar throughout the country.

Bland, from the committee on coinage, weights and measures, reported his bill referced to in the opening paragraph of this dispatch. The minority was given leave to file a minority report not later than Mon-

file a minority report not later than Mon-

Canning, of New York from the com-mittee on naval affairs, reported a bill for the establishment of dry docks on the gov-ernment reservation at Algiers, La In the committee of the whole Bacon of In the committee of the whole Bacon of New York, from the committee on banking and currency, called up the bill for a better control and to promote the safety of national banks, Pending a demand for the previous question the morning hour expired and the bill went over until to-morrow.

The house then want into committee of the whole (McCreary of Kentucky in the chair) on the military academy bill.

chair) on the military academy bill.

After some debate the committee rose and the house adjourned.

The speaker placed the free coinage bill on the house calendar.

An Agreement Reached.

An Agreement Reached.

There has been a substantial agreement reached by the wool and woolen special committee of the Democratic majority of the house committee of ways and means on the provisions of the wool bill. This special committee is charged with the duty of considering changes in the wool bill, drafting any proposed modifications and gathering special information. Its members have agreed upon the changes in the duties they will recommend, and a conference of the Democratic members of the committee has been called for to-merrow at which the matter will be formally considered. As the special committee numbers five of the ten members of the ways and means committee, it is believed the agreement reached embodies provisions of the free wool bill which the ways and means committee, it is believed the agreement reached embodies provisions of the free wool bill which the ways and means committee, it is believed the agreement reached embodies provisions of the free wool bill which the ways and means committee and little to the same days before the bill will be out in shape. Very substantial reductions have been made in the duties on woolen manufactures provosed by the oull introduced by Springer. Advalorem duties on woolen manufactures of all kinds, including clothes, dress goods, curp. Is and all other woolen articles imported under the McKinley law and on which the rates were left unchanged by the Springer bill, have been cut down wherever in excess of 40 per cent, and the average rate of duty proposed by the new bill on woolen manufactures is about 5 per cent below a uniform rate of 40 per cent fixed by the Mills bill. Under the agreement reached wool is made free as proposed by the Springer bill. All duties on woolen manufactures 40 per cent raduced to that rate, so no woolen duties will be higher than the Mills rate, and changed, where more than 40 per cent reduced to that rate, so no woolen duties will be higher than the Mills rate, and those on cheaper grades of goods will be less. Under the McKinley law the duties range from 30 to 60 per cent, so there is is a reduction of 20 per cent made from the highest rate new imposed, and the average highest rate now imposed, and the average rate is brought down to about 35 per cent.

Bland introduced the following resolution Bland introduces to-day:

Resolved, that house bill 4426, for the free coinage of gold and silver, for the issue of coin notes and for other purposes be made the special order immediately after the reading of the journal Wedpesday, February 17, 1892, that consideration be continued from day to day well disposed of.

Behring Sea Arbitrators.

LONDON, Feb. 10 .- In reply to a question asked in the house of commons in regard to the Behring sea negotiations, James Lowther, parliamentary secretary of the foreign office, said Great Britain and the United States had agreed that France, Italy and Sweden could not as arbitrators of the Rebeller sea discovery. of the Behring sendispute.

BUSINESS.

Austin Assignment.

Special to the Gazette. Austra, Tax., Feb. 10,—A. H. Chilles, re-tail grocer, assigned late this evening. Too late to get the particulars. Stock not

Fallure at McGregor.

Special to the Gazette.

Waco, Tax., Feb. 10.-R. G. Tucker of WACO, TEX., Feb. 10.—R. G. Incker of McGregor, this county, filed a deed of trust this evening on his merchandise, naming J. C. Walton trustee, to secure the follow-ing creditors: First, T. A. Blair, \$75; Her-bert Little, \$98.53; Juney & Branch Tem-ple, \$354.63; Gulledge, Smith & Nales, Mo-Gregor, \$12.50, the above creditors to be paid first in full. The following to share pro rata: M. A. Cooper, \$33; Tripls & Kemendo, \$101; Zuberbier & Behan, \$118; Fort Worth candy and cracker company, \$30.50; Arkansas City milling company, \$185. Huches Bros. \$21. \$185; Hughes Bros., \$21.

A Sherman Failure.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—Blumenstein & Husch have obtained an attachment for \$6300 against property in this city of M. Schneider & Bros., dealers in dry goods at Sherman, Tex., in favor of the First na-tional bank of Ithaca, Mich., on the grounds of disposing of property. The firm made a deed of trust January 8, giving preferences

New York Fallure. New York, Feb. 10.—The failure of Philip Bruens has just been announced on the stock exchange. He has been a mem-ber since '69. His liabilities are \$400,000, all to personal friends. He is a dector of White & Co., who failed for \$160,000.

Quit Work. CHICAGO, ILL., Feb. 10.—The United States rolling stock company's men, whose pay was three weeks in arrears, have quit

The New York Life.

New York, Feb. 10.—John A. McCall has accepted the offer of the presidency of the New York life insurance company, pro-vided he be given full and absolute con-trol, but will not accept otherwise. The matter is under consideration by the trus-Jefferson's Rolling Mill. Special to the Gazette.

JEFFERSON, TEX., Feb. 10.—A telegram was received here to-day from G. B. Mc-Donald at St. Louis stating that the contract was closed for loading twenty cars of

machinery for the Lone Star iron company's steel plant and roller mill at this place. Mr. McDonald accompanied John A. Kruse, president of the company, to St. Louis and other points for the purpose of assisting in the selection of the machinery. Fighting Redskins. DENVER, Cor., Feb. 10.-The Navajo In-

> A battle between the redskins and ys is said to be in progress nine miles

Mat. Pearce's Residence Burned.

as of New Mexico have gone on the war-th and threaten the lives of all waite